

**HUBUNGAN KONDISI FISIK RUMAH DENGAN KEJADIAN  
TUBERKULOSIS PARU (TB PARU) DI DESA MAJASEM WILAYAH  
KERJA PUSKESMAS KENDAL KABUPATEN NGAWI TAHUN 2023**

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**ABSTRAK**

Tuberkulosis merupakan penyakit menular yang disebabkan oleh bakteri *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*. Lingkungan memiliki peran signifikan dalam penyebaran penyakit karena lingkungan berfungsi sebagai media transmisi penyakit. Kondisi fisik rumah memainkan peran penting dalam penyebaran bakteri TB Paru. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan kondisi fisik rumah dengan kejadian tuberkulosis paru (TB Paru) di Desa Majasem Wilayah Kerja Puskesmas Kendal Kabupaten Ngawi.

Penelitian ini menggunakan jenis penelitian analitik observasional dengan pendekatan *Case Control*, dengan perbandingan 1:1. Jumlah sampel yang diambil sebanyak 40 responden dengan perbandingan 20 responden kelompok kasus dan 20 responden kelompok kontrol. Metode statistik yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah uji statistik Chi Square.

Dari hasil penelitian yang dilakukan didapatkan hasil terdapat hubungan kondisi fisik rumah dengan kejadian tuberkulosis paru pada variabel pencahayaan (*p value* = 0,022). Pada variabel luas ventilasi (*p value* = 0,025). Pada variabel kepadatan hunian (*p value* = 0,038). Tidak terdapat hubungan variabel lantai dengan (*p value* = 1,000), variabel dinding (*p value* = 0,744), variabel kelembaban (*p value* = 1,000), dan variabel suhu (*p value* = 1,000).

Kesimpulan penelitian ini adalah variabel yang berhubungan dengan kejadian tuberkulosis paru adalah pencahayaan, luas ventilasi, dan kepadatan hunian. Peneliti berharap masyarakat mampu memperbaiki kondisi rumah yang masih belum memenuhi syarat rumah sehat, bagi petugas kesehatan diharapkan memberikan penyuluhan mengenai kriteria rumah sehat .

*Kata Kunci : Hubungan, TB Paru, kondisi fisik rumah*

# **THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE PHYSICAL CONDITIONS OF THE HOME WITH THE INCIDENCE OF LULMON TUBERCULOSIS (PULMONARY TB) IN MAJASEM VILLAGE, THE WORKING AREA OF KENDAL HEALTH CENTER, NGAWI DISTRICT, 2023**

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## **ABSTRACT**

Tuberculosis is an infectious disease caused by the bacterium Mycobacterium tuberculosis. The environment has a significant role in the spread of disease because the environment serves as a disease transmission medium. The physical condition of the house plays an important role in the spread of pulmonary TB bacteria. This study aims to determine the relationship between the physical condition of the house and the incidence of pulmonary tuberculosis (pulmonary TB) in Majasem Village, Kendal Health Center, Ngawi District.

This research uses a type of observational analytic research with a case control approach, with a ratio of 1: 1. The number of samples taken was 40 respondents with a comparison of 20 respondents in the case group and 20 respondents in the control group. The statistical method used in this study is the Chi Square statistical test.

From the results of the research conducted, it was found that there was a relationship between the physical condition of the house and the incidence of pulmonary tuberculosis in the lighting variable ( $p$  value = 0.022). In the ventilation area variable, the  $p$  value ( $p$  value = 0.025). In the occupancy density variable ( $p$  value = 0.038). There is no relationship between floor variable ( $p$  value = 1.000), wall variable ( $p$  value = 0.744), humidity variable ( $p$  value = 1.000), and temperature variable ( $p$  value = 1.000).

The conclusion of this study is that the variables associated with the incidence of pulmonary tuberculosis are lighting, ventilation area, and occupancy density. Researchers hope that the community is able to improve the condition of houses that still do not meet the requirements for a healthy home. Health workers are expected to provide counseling regarding the criteria for a healthy home.

*Keywords: Relationship, Pulmonary TB, physical condition of the house*