

**HUBUNGAN PENGETAHUAN DAN DUKUNGAN SUAMI DENGAN  
KEPATUHAN PEMERIKSAAN KEHAMILAN PADA MASA  
PANDEMIC COVID-19 DI PUSKESMAS BALEN  
BOJONEGORO**

**ABSTRAK**

*Antenatal care* merupakan pelayanan kesehatan oleh tenaga kesehatan untuk ibu selama hamil. Pembatasan akses pelayanan kesehatan selama pandemi *Covid-19* termasuk pelayanan antenatal menyebabkan penurunan ibu hamil memanfaatkan dan mendapatkan pelayanan kesehatan. Tujuan penelitian ini menganalisis hubungan pengetahuan dan dukungan suami dengan kepatuhan pemeriksaan kehamilan pada masa pandemi Covid-19 di Puskesmas Margomulyo Kabupaten Bojonegoro.

Jenis penelitian ini analitik kuantitatif dengan rancangan penelitian *cross sectional*. Populasi 110 orang dengan sampel 86, menggunakan tehnik *simple random sampling*. Variabel independent penelitian ini adalah pengetahuan dan dukungan suami, sedangkan variable dependent adalah kepatuhan pemeriksaan kehamilan. Analisis data menggunakan Uji *Coefisient Contingency*.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan sebagian besar ibu hamil yaitu sebanyak 4 orang (66,7%) yang mempunyai pengetahuan kurang, tidak patuh melakukan ANC pada masa pandemi Covid-19, dan sebagian besar ibu hamil yaitu sebanyak 20 ibu hamil (66,7%) yang tidak mendapat dukungan suami tidak patuh dalam melakukan ANC pada masa pandemi Covid-19. Berdasarkan uji statistik *Coefisient Contingency* didapatkan hasil, ada hubungan pengetahuan dengan kepatuhan pemeriksaan kehamilan (*p value* = 0,000), dan ada hubungan dukungan suami dengan kepatuhan pemeriksaan kehamilan (*p value* = 0,000).

Kesimpulannya kepatuhan pemeriksaan kehamilan ibu hamil dipengaruhi pengetahuan dan dukungan suami. Diharapkan ibu hamil mempertahankan perilaku sehatnya selama kehamilan maupun pada kehamilan selanjutnya dan suami mempertahankan dukungannya sehingga ibu hamil mempunyai motivasi untuk melakukan pemeriksaan kehamilan.

Kata Kunci : *Pengetahuan, Dukungan Suami, Kepatuhan Pemeriksaan Kehamilan*

*THE RELATIONSHIP OF HUSBAND'S KNOWLEDGE AND SUPPORT WITH  
ADMINISTRATION OF PREGNANCY EXAMINATION COVID-19 PANDEMIC  
IN BALEN HEALTH CENTER BOJONEGORO*

**ABSTRACT**

*Antenatal care is a health service provided by health workers for mothers during pregnancy. Restrictions on access to health services during the Covid-19 pandemic, including antenatal care, have led to a decline in pregnant women using and receiving health services. The purpose of this study was to analyze the relationship between husband's knowledge and support with observance of prenatal care during the Covid-19 pandemic at the Margomulyo Community Health Center, Bojonegoro Regency.*

*This type of research is quantitative analytic with a cross sectional research design. The population is 110 people with a sample of 86, using simple random sampling technique. The independent variable in this study was husband's knowledge and support, while the dependent variable was obstetrical examination compliance. Data analysis using the Contingency Coefficient Test.*

*The results showed that most of the pregnant women, namely 4 people (66.7%) who had less knowledge, did not comply with the ANC during the Covid-19 pandemic, and most of the pregnant women, namely 20 pregnant women (66.7%) who did not receive the support of a disobedient husband in carrying out ANC during the Covid-19 pandemic. Based on the statistical test of the Coefficient of Contingency, the results showed that there was a relationship between knowledge and adherence to antenatal care ( $p$  value = 0.000), and there was a relationship between husband's support and compliance with antenatal care ( $p$  value = 0.000).*

*In conclusion, adherence to antenatal care of pregnant women is influenced by the knowledge and support of the husband. It is expected that pregnant women maintain healthy behavior during pregnancy and in subsequent pregnancies and husbands maintain their support so that pregnant women have the motivation to carry out pregnancy checks.*

*Key Word : Knowledge, Husband's Support, Pregnancy Check-up Compliance*