

ABSTRAK

TINGKAT PENGETAHUAN PEGAWAI PUSKESMAS TENTANG COVID-19 DAN ALAT PELINDUNG DIRI GUNA MENCEGAH RISIKO PENULARAN COVID-19 DI PUSKESMAS SEMANDING

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Pengetahuan ialah domain yang penting dalam membentuk tindakan seseorang (overt behavior). Dari hasil survei awal yang dilakukan, bahwa masih terdapat beberapa pegawai puskesmas Semanding yang tidak patuh dan tidak tepat dalam menggunakan APD sehingga menyebabkan terjadinya risiko penularan covid-19 di puskesmas tersebut. Hal itu disebabkan karena tingkat tingkat kedisiplinan dan jumlah APD yang minim. Riset ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui tingkat pengetahuan pegawai puskesmas tentang Covid-19 dan alat pelindung diri guna mencegah risiko penularan Covid-19 di Puskesmas Semanding.

Jenis penelitian deskriptif dengan pendekatan cross-sectional. Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah seluruh pegawai Puskesmas Semanding yang berjumlah 45 orang, sementara sampel dalam penelitian ini berjumlah 45 orang, teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan metode non probability sampling atau total sampling. Dengan variabel penelitian yakni tingkat pengetahuan pegawai puskesmas tentang covid-19 dan APD dari pegawai puskesmas Semanding. Teknik pengumpulan data yang digunakan yaitu kuesioner. Setelah data terkumpul, ditabulasi dan dianalisis secara deskriptif dan disajikan dalam bentuk tabel.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa tingkat pengetahuan pegawai Puskesmas Semanding mengenai Covid-19 memiliki pengetahuan baik sebesar 66,7% (30 orang), pengetahuan cukup sebesar 24,4% (11 orang), pengetahuan kurang sebesar 8,9% (4 orang). Sementara tingkat pengetahuan mengenai Alat Pelindung Diri Guna Mencegah Risiko Penularan Covid-19 di Puskesmas Semanding memiliki pengetahuan baik sebesar 11,1% (5 orang), pengetahuan cukup sebesar 46,7% (21 orang), pengetahuan kurang sebesar 42,2% (19 orang).

Upaya yang dapat dilakukan untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan pegawai puskesmas yaitu dengan memberikan penyuluhan dan memotivasi, memfasilitasi APD sesuai dengan kebutuhan serta memberikan pengawasan pada pegawai puskesmas agar patuh dalam menggunakan APD sesuai dengan anjuran dari kemenkes.

Kata Kunci : Pengetahuan, Covid-19, APD

ABSTRACT

KNOWLEDGE LEVEL OF HEALTH CENTER EMPLOYEES ABOUT COVID-19 AND PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT RISK OF TRANSMISSION OF COVID-19 IN PUSKESMAS SEMANDING

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Knowledge is an important domain in shaping one's actions (overt behavior). From the results of the initial survey conducted, there are still some employees of the Semanding Health Center who are disobedient and inappropriate in using Personal Protective Equipment, causing the risk of Covid-19 transmission at the Puskesmas. This is due to the level of discipline and the minimal number of Personal Protective Equipment. This study aims to determine the level of knowledge of public health center employees about Covid-19 and personal protective equipment to prevent the risk of Covid-19 transmission at the Semanding Health Center.

This type of research is descriptive with a cross-sectional approach. The population in this study were all employees of the Semanding Health Center totaling 45 people, while the sample in this study amounted to 45 people, the sampling technique used non-probability sampling or total sampling. With the research variables, namely the level of knowledge of public health center employees about covid-19 and Personal Protective Equipment from Semanding public health center employees. The data collection technique used is a questionnaire. After the data is collected, it is tabulated and analyzed descriptively and presented in tabular form.

The results showed that the knowledge level of the Semanding Health Center employees about Covid-19 are as follow : had good knowledge by 66.7% (30 people), adequate knowledge by 24.4% (11 people), lack of knowledge by 8.9% (4 people). Meanwhile, the level of knowledge regarding Personal Protective Equipment to Prevent the Risk of Covid-19 Transmission at the Semanding Health Center are as follow : has good knowledge by 11.1% (5 people), sufficient knowledge by 46.7% (21 people), poor knowledge by 42.2% (19 people).

Efforts that can be made to increase the knowledge of public health center employees are by providing counseling and motivation, facilitating Personal Protective Equipment according to needs and providing supervision to public health center employees to comply with the use of Personal Protective Equipment in accordance with the recommendations of the Ministry of Health.

Keywords: Knowledge, Covid-19, Personal Protective Equipment