

ABSTRAK

Kementrian Kesehatan RI
Politeknik Kesehatan Kemenkes Surabaya
Jurusan Kesehatan Lingkungan
Program Studi Sanitasi Program Diploma Tiga Kampus Magetan
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“Perbedaan Tingkat Pengetahuan Santri Di Pondok Pesantren Al-Hidayah Desa Majasem Kecamatan Kendal Kabupaten Ngawi Tentang Penyakit Scabies Melalui Metode Ceramah Dengan Media Leaflet Dan Video Tahun 2024”

Viii Halaman Pemulaan + 54 Halaman Isi + 14 Tabel + 5 Gambar + 5 Lampiran

Angka prevalensi scabies mengalami peningkatan, sekitar 5% sampai 10%. Salah satu penyebab scabies merupakan kurangnya pemahaman tentang scabies dari gejala, penyebab, pencegahan sampai pengobatan. Maka perlu dilakukan upaya peningkatan pengetahuan tentang penyakit scabies dengan promosi kesehatan.

Penelitian ini menggunakan jenis penelitian *Pre-experiment* dengan desain penelitian *one group pretest-posttest design* (LO1,2-X1,2-LO1,2). Objek pada penelitian ini adalah siswa kelas X, XI, dan XII MA Al- Hidayah. Pengambilan sampel menggunakan *Proportional Random Sampling* dengan jumlah responden sebanyak 104 siswa.

Hasil penelitian pada tahap *pre-test* dan *post test* leaflet didapatkan nilai *pvalue* pengetahuan sebesar ($0,00 < 0,05$) maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa ada perbedaan pengetahuan antara sebelum dan sesudah diberi promkes. Pada tahap *pre-test* dan *post test* video didapatkan nilai *pvalue* pengetahuan sebesar ($0,00 < 0,05$) maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa ada perbedaan pengetahuan antara sebelum dan sesudah diberi promkes. Sedangkan pada tahap *post-test* dengan media leaflet sebesar 11,54 dan *post-test* dengan media video sebesar 12,85 dengan selisih -1,31. Maka dapat disimpulkan bahwa media video lebih efektif untuk meningkatkan pengetahuan dibandingkan media leaflet. Peneliti selanjutnya, diharapkan dapat melakukan penelitian dengan peningkatan perilaku dan dengan media yang berbeda.

Kata Kunci : Promkes, Pengetahuan, Penyakit Scabies, Leaflet, Video.

ABSTRACT

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“Differences In The Level Of Knowledge Of Students At The Al-Hidayah Islamic Boarding School, Majasem Village, Kendal District, Ngawi Regency About Scabies Disease Through The Lecture Method Using Leaflet And Video Media, 2024”

Viii Beginning Page + 54 Content Pages + 14 Tables + 5 Figures + 5 Attachments

The prevalence rate of scabies has increased, around 5% to 10%. One of the causes of scabies is a lack of understanding about scabies from symptoms, causes, prevention to treatment. So it is necessary to make efforts to increase knowledge about scabies through health promotion.

This research uses a pre-experiment research type with a one group pretest-posttest design (LO1.2-X1.2-LO1.2). The objects of this research were students in classes X, XI and XII of MA Al-Hidayah. Sampling used Proportional Random Sampling with a total of 104 students as respondents.

The results of the research at the pre-test and post-test leaflet stages showed that the knowledge p-value was ($0.00 < 0.05$), so it can be concluded that there is a difference in knowledge between before and after being given the health promotion. At the pre-test and post-test video stages, the knowledge p-value was obtained at ($0.00 < 0.05$), so it can be concluded that there is a difference in knowledge between before and after being given the health promotion. Meanwhile, at the post-test stage with leaflet media it was 11.54 and the post-test with video media was 12.85 with a difference of -1.31. So it can be concluded that video media is more effective in increasing knowledge than leaflet media. Future researchers are expected to be able to conduct research with improved behavior and with different media.

Keywords: Health Promotion, Knowledge, Scabies, Leaflet, Video.